Ardhanarishvarastotram with meaning

अर्धनारीश्वरस्तोत्रम् सार्थ

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चाम्पेयगौरार्थशरीरकाये कर्पूरगौरार्थशरीरकाय।
धम्मल्लकाये च जटाधराय नमः शिवाय च नमः शिवाय॥ १ ॥

One half shines with golden yellow color like chAmpeya flower and other half shines in bright white of karpUra. One side of the head is adorned with a beautiful braided decoration and other sports an unkempt jaTAmakuTam. I bow to ShivA and Shiva in the form of ardhanArishvara.

कर्तृरिकाकुंकुमचिच्तायें विचित्राजः पुज्वविचित्राय।
कृतस्मरायें विकृतस्मराय नमः शिवाय च नमः शिवाय॥ २ ॥

The left half of ardhanArIshvara which is occupied by ambAL is adorned with musk and kumkumam. The other half occupied by the Lord is smeared with ashes from the funeral pyre. The ambAL aspect is well adorned and pleasing to reflect on, the Lord’s half is ill adorned (with ashes, snakes, elephant skin) is dreadful. I bow to this wonderful form, I bow to ambA ShivA and Lord Shiva.

झण्तकण्तकंकनपुपरायं पादाञ्जलारजत्फणिनुपराय।
हेमाञ्जलायं भुजगाञ्जलाय नमः शिवाय च नमः शिवाय॥ ३ ॥

The left side of the Lord, which is occupied by ambAL is adorned with beautiful kankana (bracelets worn on the wrist) and nUpara (worn at the ankle). These make very pleasing sounds when they move. The right lotus foot is adorned with a cobra as nUpara. angada is an ornament adorning the lower elbows. On the left side it is made of gold and on the right side it is a snake. Such is the wonderful form of the Lord. I bow to shrI
shivA and Lord Shiva.
Snakes represent the senses. They are dreadful and lead one to the cycle of death and birth. By wearing snakes, as a yogIshvara, the Lord demonstrates His mastery and control over them.

िवशालनीलोललोचनायै
िवकािसपेहलोचनाय
।
समेणायै
िवषमेणाय
नमः
िशवायै
च
नमः
िशवाय
॥
॥

ambAL’s eyes are often described as long, extending up to the ears.
This is indicated by the term vishAla. Her eyes (left half) are long and beautiful like nIlotpalaa flower. Lords eyes are radiant like lotus flowers.
IxaNa can mean look or eye. viShameXana means some thing odd or different to look at or one who has three eyes. sameXana means it is pleasing to look at. sa ma means with laxmi, and HER eyes are auspicious and can bestow prosperity to the devotees. The ardhanArIshvara form is a beautiful combination of ShivA and Shiva. I bow to shrI ShivA and Lord shiva.
(i) The three eyes of Shiva-Shakti svarUpam have many beautiful descriptions in saundaryalaharI. In one verse, the right eye is compared to the sun, the left one is compared to moon and the one of forehead is compared to fire. They respectively produce day, night and the sandhya kAlam.
(I) Once a poetic puzzle was posed to mahAkavi kaLidAsa asking whether someone has seen a flower inside another flower. He replied that the face of a woman is like Lotus flower and her two eyes are like nIlotpalaa flowers. It is traditional to relate woman’s eyes with nIlotpalaa flower.
(ii) IxaNa = look or glance (cast by the eye)
sama = even (as in number), even/smooth/peaceful (as in look/gaze-cast by the eye)
viShama = odd (as in number), rough/terrible (as in look/gaze-cast by the eye)
shivA = the even eyed one (2 eyes); who casts a peaceful glance
shiva = the odd eyed one (3 eyes); who casts a rough/terrible glance
ambAL's forehead is adorned with garlands made of mandAram (Hibiscus) and the Lord's neck is adorned with a garland made of skulls. SHE dresses in royal and divine clothes and HE has directions alone as HIS clothes. I bow to shri ShivA and Lord Shiva. The word digambara indicates that HE does not wear clothes, as a mark of renunciation. The skulls indicate to the devotees that life in a body is transient and impermanent, one day you will have to die, so do not get mixed up with this world. digambara can also mean brahman. How can you clothe something which is the biggest and the greatest. If so one could say then that HE is contained in the dress and not outside it. A similar sentiment is indicated in the Bible, when Jesus says he has no resting place. A principle that pervades everything can have no particular resting place.

HER hair is dark like water bearing clouds and HIS hair locks are coppery and radiant like a lightening SHE has none superior to HER and HE is the Lord of all. Such is the wonderful form of ardhanArishvara. I bow to shri ShivA and Lord Shiva.

SHE dances in delight with captivating beauty at face of creation which springs forth from them. His dance of destruction is in fury and the cosmos subsides back in them. SHE is the mother of this world and He is the Father. Such is the wonderful nature of ardhanArIshvara, I bow to shri ShivA and Lord Shiva.
HER (left half) sparkling ear ring is studded with blazing precious stones and HE (right half) is adorned with a terrifying snake as HIS ear ring. Supreme auspiciousness (which is brahman) is the essence of both shrI ShivA and Lord Shiva. Such is the wonderful form of ardhanArIshvara. I bow to shrI ShivA and Lord Shiva.

This final verse is the phala shruti of this stotram. (S)He who reads this stotram containing eight verses with bhakti will obtain all (s)he desires, honor, a long life, and all auspicious things for eternity. One who repeats it again and again will attain all powers and perfection.

Thus concludes the ardhanArIshvara stotram, composed by shrI Adi sha.nkarAchArya, disciple of shrI govinda bhagavatpAda.
अर्धनारीभरस्तोत्रम् सार्थः